Competing Populations in Flows with Chaotic Mixing

György Károlyi¹ , István Scheuring² , Tamás Tél³ and Zoltán Toroczkai⁴.

Environmental flows lead to imperfect mixing, to a dynamically generated heterogeneity. This is the result of chaotic mixing, which is typical even for simple time-dependent flows. We show that one effect of chaotic advection on the passively advected species (such as phytoplankton [1, 2], or self-replicating macro-molecules [2]) is the possibility of coexistence of more species than that limited by the number of niches they occupy [1, 2]. We derive a novel set of dynamical equations for competing populations [3]. It turns out that important chaos parameters characterizing the advection modify the traditional population dynamics in a nontrivial way.

References

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 $^{^1\}mathrm{Department}$ of Structural Mechanics, Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Műegyetem rkp. 3, H-1521 Budapest, Hungary (e-mail: karolyi@tas.me.bme.hu).

 $^{^2 \}rm Department$ of Plant Taxonomy and Ecology, Research Group of Ecology and Theoretical Biology, Eötvös University, Pázmány P. sétány 1/c, H-1117 Budapest, Hungary (e-mail:).

 $^{^3}$ Institute for Theoretical Physics, Eötvös University, P. O. Box 32, H-1518 Budapest, Hungary (e-mail:).

⁴Theoretical Division and Center for Nonlinear Studies, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545, USA (e-mail:).